I. Introduction

II.	Decisi	ons,	Deci	sions, Decisions (Ruth 1)								
	A. The Choice to Leave Israel (Ruth 1:1-5)											
	B. The Choice to Return to Israel (Ruth 1:6-15)											
	C. The Choice to Follow God (Ruth 1:16-25)											
	1.	exe	mpl	being implored by Naomi to return to her family and her false gods, Ruth the Moabitess showed lary in declaring her intention to follow Naomi back to her land, her people and her Ruth 1:16-17)								
		a.	What is the significance of Ruth's statement?									
			1)	She displayed her personal	and	for Naomi.						
			2)	She demonstrated her	to the nation of Isr	rael.						
			3)	She exhibited her	in the true God, the God o	f Israel.						
			4)	By announcing her future burial site, she established her new with Israel.								
			5)	Finally, accepted thecommitted to.	from Israel's God should s	he fail to do what she has						
				a) What do we need to rememb	ber about this?							
	b. What challenges are in store for her1) It will be harder to				because of her national origin? and there will be a separation from the assembly due to her							
			2)	What do we need to remember c	nat do we need to remember concerning God's dealing with man?							
	2.			eeing that Ruth had made up her ily. (Ruth 1:18)	mind, she stopped trying to	her to return to						
	3.			Naomi returned to her hometown ced, "for the								
		a.	Wh	y is this significant?								
			1)	With the word "Almighty" she _ has caused her bitter situation	that God	d is the all powerful God who						

2) What does this show us?

a) God is _____ over all the earth.

		b)	Perhaps she recognize	ps she recognizes that she was the will of God in her situation			od in her situation.			
		3) Wh	at can we see concer	ning her emotio	nal state?					
		a)	She is	and o	completely at the		of her self emotionally.			
			• Does this mean	she was angry v	vith God because	He had treated	her unfairly?			
		b)	What is helpful to remember when faced with difficulties in life?							
			• That God doesn	't make <u>MISTA</u>	<u>KES</u> ! (1 Jn. 1:5; l	Ps. 145:17; Is.	46:9-10; Prov. 28:13-14)			
			• All things work	together for GC	OOD (Rom. 8:28)					
			• That God walks	WITH YOU in	your difficulty (F	Ps. 23:4; 46:1)				
			• That God <u>CARE</u>	ES for you. (Heb	o. 4:14-16; 1 Pet.	5:7)				
		c)	Do you see that the almighty God is in charge of whatever situation you are going through?							
	b. She claimed she returned, though she returned with Naomi, a foreigner who had placed her faith in the true God.c. Why do we have trials in our life?									
		1) Tria	als are because of	si	n and it's	on t	he human race. (Gen. 2-4)			
		2) Tria	ials are sometimes due to (Gal. 6:7-8; Heb. 12:7-11)							
		3) Tria	als are due to God's _			(Gen. 50	:20; Jam. 1:1-2; Job)			
	d.	What ar	re trials designed to d	lo?						
		1)	our f	aith						
		2)	our h	eart						
		3)	us							
4.		e see a glimpse at God's work on behalf of Ruth's faithfulness with the of their rurn. (Ruth 1:22)								
5.	What does this mean to you?									
	a.	God is _		over the situ	ations in your life	.				
	b.	God		for you.						
	c.	God des	sires you walk by		in His promi	ses and seeks to	o direct your every step.			
	d.		entimes darkest befor	e the light, we i	need a heavenly _		on our			